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# STRATEGIES FOR MANAGING TRANSITIONS IN ORGANIZATIONAL STRUCTURES

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# СТРАТЕГИИ УПРАВЛЕНИЯ ПЕРЕХОДАМИ В ОРГАНИЗАЦИОННЫХ СТРУКТУРАХ

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### Abstract

This article examines transition management strategies in organizational structures as a key factor in company adaptation to changing market conditions. The main stages of transition management strategies are described, including diagnosis, planning, change implementation, and structure stabilization, alongside methods for enhancing company resilience. Key factors impacting the success of transitions, such as risk management, technology adoption, personnel adaptation, and project management approaches, are explored. Analyzing theoretical and practical aspects, the authors identify tools that aid successful adaptation and risk minimization, providing recommendations to enhance company resilience. A comprehensive approach to transition management enables companies to effectively respond to external challenges and strengthen their competitive market positions.

Keywords: transition management, organizational change, company resilience, personnel adaptation, project management.

## Аннотация

В данной статье рассматриваются стратегии управления переходами в организационных структурах как важный фактор адаптации компаний к изменяющимся рыночным условиям. Описаны основные этапы реализации стратегий переходного управления, такие как диагностика, планирование, внедрение изменений и закрепление новой структуры, а также предложены методы повышения устойчивости компаний. Рассматриваются ключевые факторы, влияющие на успешность переходов, включая управление рисками, внедрение технологий, адаптацию персонала и использование проектного подхода. Анализируя теоретические и практические аспекты, авторы выявляют инструменты, способствующие успешной адаптации и минимизации рисков, и приводят рекомендации для повышения устойчивости компании. Комплексный подход к управлению переходами позволяет компаниям эффективно реагировать на внешние вызовы и укреплять конкурентные позиции на рынке.

Ключевые слова: переходное управление, организационные изменения, устойчивость компании, адаптация персонала, проектное управление.

## Introduction

Transitional processes in organizational structures represent a critical stage in the development of companies, especially in the context of rapidly changing market conditions and increasing competition. Managing transitions in an organizational structure requires a precise analysis of the company's current position, as well as the identification of goals and strategies that promote resilience and adaptability in the face of change. One of the key aspects of successful transition management is the development of flexible and effective management strategies that can minimize risks and optimize resource use. The importance of studying transition management strategies is related to their impact on a company's internal processes and external relations. For example, reorganization, mergers, or changes in the management system led to structural changes, which in turn can affect a company's productivity and market resilience. The primary task of transition management is not only to ensure a smooth change process but also to maintain or improve the company's efficiency under new conditions.

A key aspect in transitioning to a new organizational structure is balancing the interests of the company and its employees. Maintaining a high level of motivation and engagement among employees during the transition process often becomes a primary challenge, as changes in organizational structure can cause stress and decrease employee satisfaction. Effective transition management strategies aim to mitigate these effects and maintain a stable work environment.

Additionally, in the era of globalization and digitalization, companies face new challenges, such as the need to implement innovative technologies and adapt to changing customer needs. Modern approaches to transition management include adaptation to digital tools, reorganization of business processes, and strengthening structural flexibility to ensure a quick response to external changes. The importance of effective transition management is also associated with the need to prevent potential conflicts and reduce the level of uncertainty among employees. To achieve success, companies need to implement forecasting and analysis tools that allow them to predict the consequences of various transition strategies and choose the most optimal paths for their implementation.

The purpose of this article is to analyze the main strategies for managing transitions in organizational structures, including a review of theoretical and practical approaches, and to provide recommendations for ensuring successful company adaptation to new conditions.

# Main part. Transition management strategies. Theoretical foundations and practical application

Transition management in an organizational structure is an essential tool for ensuring company stability in the face of change and for enhancing its competitiveness. The main approaches to transition management include sequential stages such as diagnosing the current state, preparing for changes, implementing the new structure, and consolidating the achieved changes. Theoretical concepts developed by Lewin and Kotter suggest the sequential use of these stages, which helps to minimize risks and increase the company's flexibility. In the context of modern market changes, companies must be ready to adapt quickly to external conditions, and effective transition management becomes an important factor in achieving market resilience [1].

A key aspect of successful transition management is the use of diagnostic and forecasting methods that help identify potential threats and opportunities. Modern tools such as SWOT analysis, PEST analysis, and risk assessment provide a comprehensive view of the company's current state and can predict how changes in organizational structure might impact its internal processes. Using these methods helps company management define strategic goals and determine optimal paths to achieve them. Thus, diagnostics and forecasting play a decisive role in the initial stage of transition management [2].

In addition to diagnostics, an important part of transition management is adapting to new conditions, which often requires the implementation of innovative technologies. In the digital age, companies face the need to transform their business processes and integrate digital tools to increase efficiency. The implementation of technologies such as automation and big data usage promotes a quick response to changes in the external environment and ensures a more flexible and dynamic organizational structure. Adapting to digital changes allows a company to remain competitive in the context of globalization and the accelerating pace of technological progress [3].

An integral part of the transition management process is maintaining high employee motivation and engagement. Changes in organizational structure can cause stress and decrease employee satisfaction, so successful management strategies should aim to mitigate these effects. Transparent and open communication with employees, providing them with the opportunity to participate in the change process, and creating conditions for professional growth can contribute to maintaining high motivation and loyalty. During times of change, employees become a valuable resource that facilitates the implementation of transition management strategies.

# Tools to enhance company resilience to change

To enhance resilience to change, companies can employ a comprehensive approach to transition management, including strategic planning and flexibility in resource management. One effective tool is project management, which enables clear definition of timelines and resources needed for implementing changes. Project management systems such as Agile and Lean help create flexible processes that adapt to changes and can quickly respond to external challenges. Including a project-based approach in the transition management strategy allows companies to more efficiently allocate resources and maintain a high level of productivity [4].

Table 1 presents an overview of the key factors influencing successful transition management, such as risk management, technology implementation, employee adaptation, and the use of a projectbased approach. Each of these factors plays a significant role in the transition process and can significantly affect the outcomes of changes within a company.

Table 1 [5, 6]

Factor	Description	Example of Implementation
Risk Management	Assessment of potential risks and development of strategies to mitigate them	Analysis of potential issues in planning stages
Technology Implementation	Application of digital solutions to enhance flexibility and efficiency	Use of automation and data analytics
Employee Adaptation	Measures to reduce stress and maintain employee motivation during change	Training and support for employees
Project-Based Approach	Use of project management methods to implement changes	Application of Agile and Lean for management flexibility
Conflict Management	Prevention and resolution of conflicts at all levels	Conducting negotiations and considering employee opinions
External Relations Support	8 8	Open communication with clients and partners

### Key factors for successful transition management in organizational

Thus, effective transition management requires a comprehensive approach that includes both theoretical knowledge and practical skills in strategic planning, resource management, and employee motivation. Integrating diagnostic methods, digital technologies, and a project-based approach allows a company to successfully adapt to changes and strengthen its market position [7].

# Conclusion

Effective transition management in organizational structures is a key element in ensuring the sustainability of companies in constantly changing conditions. A comprehensive approach, including diagnostics, planning, implementation of innovations, and consolidation of the new structure, allows companies to minimize potential risks and maintain a high level of adaptability. As a result, the company can not only avoid the negative effects of transition processes but also strengthen its market position.

Key factors for successful transition management include strategy, adaptation to new conditions, and employee motivation. Systematic use of forecasting and analysis methods helps companies identify threats and opportunities in a timely manner, creating a foundation for informed management decisions. Project management tools such as Agile and Lean allow for the creation of flexible processes and resource management in uncertain conditions, which significantly increases a company's competitiveness.

Special attention should be paid to personnel management, as employee motivation and engagement form the basis for successful transition stages. Transparent communication and support for professional growth help reduce the stress associated with changes, thus maintaining high productivity. Flexibility in resource management and a project-based approach enable effective allocation of responsibilities and stability in processes.

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